The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1867. NO. 12.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE,

DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
July 31, 1867.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. AULTZ & FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67–tf.

MORRISON HOUSE,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 16, 1866–tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY, &c.,
&c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hardware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted.
Huntingdon, Sept 18, 1867 6m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

AARON STEWARD,

WATCHMAKER, Successor to Geo. W. Swartz, has opened at his old stand on Hill street, opposite Brown's hardware store, a stock of all kinds of goods belonging to the trade.
Watch and Clock Repairing promptly attended to by practical workmen.
Huntingdon, April 10-6m

MILTON S. LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. oct2'66

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
Jan.1.1867

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. an22,1866

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. DAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865–tf.

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1863.

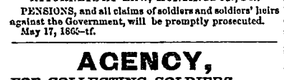
JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.
Oct. 17, 1866–tf.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
WM. AFRICA
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.
Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

SPEAR'S PATENT
Fruit Preserving Solution,
FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ALL KINDS OF
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, JELLIES, WINES, CIDER, &c.
Without Sugar, and without Expensive Sealing or Air-tight Jars.
One Bottle will Preserve 128 *Pounds of Fruit, or* 48 *Gallons of Wine or Cider.*
CHEAP, HEALTHFUL AND EFFECTUAL.

This Solution, when properly used, effectually prevents fermentation or decay of Fruits, and, by the most simple and inexpensive process, every variety may be kept in a fresh and perfectly wholesome condition the year round. It is no new and uncertain experiment, but has been in practical use for the past eight years, yet has been, for the most part, kept from the public for the purpose of ascertaining the result of a series of experiments, all of which have proved the validity of all that is now confidently claimed for it.

Fruits preserved by this Solution are as good as the best "canned" fruits, while the use of the solution avoids the trouble of sealing, costly jars or cans, keeping from the air and light, frequent examinations, and the many other troubles and annoyances well known to every housewife.

Fresh native fruits the year round have become almost a household necessity, both on account of their healthfulness and as a luxury; and by the use of this solution this great luxury is within the reach of every family, rich or poor, in the land, as all kinds of fruit may be preserved during pleasure at less than one-half the expense of any other method.

The solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of health. Professor Bache, under date "U. S. Naval Laboratory, New York, September 14, 1864," says: "By direction of the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, I have examined your Preserving Solution, and meats and fruits preserved by it. I have a high opinion of its value, and believe it can be used in the preservation of those articles in a fresh state for the army and navy very advantageously. The Solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of healthfulness."

Other certificates from distinguished chemists, confirming the above, can be seen and had where the solution is sold. It is claimed:

1. That Spear's Solution preserves the flavor of all kinds of native fruits more perfectly and durably than can be done in any other way, and at much less trouble and expense;

2. That the use of the Solution renders it unnecessary to use air tight or expensive jars or cans, and also avoids the inconvenience of hermetically sealing and keeping from the air, heat, light, etc.;

3. That the use of the Solution admits of the keeping of the fruit in vessels of any size, even in kegs or barrels if desirable;

4. That the use of the Solution allows the shipment of the fruit by salt or fresh water, in the hottest weather, without danger of loss or injury;

5. That it is invaluable in the preserving of Tomato, Peach, Pear, Apple, Quince and other Sauces, Wines and Cider; also for all kinds of Spiced Fruits; that these alone recommend it to every family, and to use it once will guarantee their approval.

J. H. SPEAR, Proprietor.
☞For sale at LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY, Huntingdon, Pa. [au21-tf

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.
A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.
Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveler buy one
SOLAR WATCH,
or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.
Warranted to keep True Time for every Day of the Year.

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles, being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright *in the sunshine* in such a position as will throw the shadow of the Style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable Brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR.
Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by
BEVENS, FABRE & CO.,
34 North Ninth Street, Philada.
☞For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article —apply immediately. WM. LEWIS,
se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION,
S. E. HENRY & CO.,
Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of
BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c.,
Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight loaded. no7

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65–tf.

MONEY!
ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!
The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.
may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—
A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

HAMS. HAMS.
Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

SOAPS AND CANDLES.
Washing and ToiletSoaps—the best kinds—for sale at
LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

EVERY FAMILY
Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!
Lovering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis Family Grocery.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

ANTONY WITH CLEOPATRA.

"I am dying, Egypt, dying."—SHAKSPEARE.

BY GEN. W. H. LYTLE.

I am dying, Egypt, dying—
Ebbs the crimson life-tide fast,
And the dark Plutonian shadows
Gather on the evening blast,
Let thine arm, oh! Queen, support me,
Hush thy sobs and bow thine ear;
Hearken to the great heart-secrets
Thou, and thou alone, must hear.

Though thy scarred and veteran legions
Bear their eagles high no more,
And my wrecked and shattered galleys
Strew dark Actium's fatal shore;
Though no glittering guards surround me,
Prompt to do their master's will,
I must perish like a Roman—
Die the great Triumvir still.

Let not Cæsar's servile minions
Mock the lion thus laid low;
'Twas no foeman's hand that slew him,
'Twas his own that struck the blow.
Here, then, pillowed on thy bosom,
Ere his star fades quite away,
He, who drunk with thy caresses,
Madly flung a world away!

Should the base plebeian rabble
Dare assail my fame at Rome,
Where the noble spouse, Octavia,
Weeps within her widowed home—
Seek her—say the gods have told me,
All liars, augurs, circling wings,
That her blood, with mine commingled;
Yet shall mount the throne of kings.

And for thee, star-eyed Egyptian,
Glorious sorceress of the Nile,
Light the path to Stygian horrors
With the splendors of thy smile.
Give the Cæsar crowns and arches;
Let his brow the laurel twine;
I can scorn the Senate's triumphs,
Triumphing in love like thine.

I am dying Egypt, dying!
Hark! the insulting foeman's cry;
They are coming—quick! my falchion!
Let me front them ere I die.
Ah! no more amid the battle
Shall my heart exulting swell;
Isis and Osiris guard thee—
Cleopatra! Rome! farewell!

Storm of Blood and Dirt at Albany,

Masses of gelatinous matter, containing minute granules arrayed in it in some regularity, were found in the streets early yesterday morning.—Viewed through a microscope, the small brick colored bodies were somewhat like the grains of wheat; and the gelatinous matter seemed to be connected to each one as a separate covering. They were apparently separate cells, very uniform in size, being 1-120 of an inch long, and 1-255 of an inch thick, filled with glanular particles from which they derive their color. The gelatinous envelope and their appearance gave them at first somewhat the character of one of the single-celled protophytes, resembling most the Palmoglœa, one of the humblest kinds of vegetation. That they were not these, was proven by their containing a distinct cell wall.

Several persons claim to have seen them falling as a shower, and they were not found under trees or shelter. They have probably been carried for a great distance by the wind. They are more like to be the germ cells of some marine growth, perhaps the fucus platycarpus, which they resemble. The presence of chloride of iodine (sea salt) which is found largely in the gelatinous envelope is corroborative of their marine origin.

Dust storms and blood rains, so called from the character of the dust which they deposit, usually occur in the spring or fall, though they have been observed during every month of the year. On the 14th of October, 1755, a blood rain descended at Locarno, Switzerland, during which nine inches of rain fell and the red matter that was deposited during the shower was found, by actual measurement, to be an inch deep. The same storm reached Suabia, on the Alps, and on these high mountains it changed into a reddish snow, which fell to the depth of nine feet. A storm of red hail is stated by Humboldt to have occurred at Paramo, in South America. In Tuscany, March 14, 1813, there fell hail of an orange color.

In March, 1808, a fall of over five feet of red snow fell in Carniola, in Germany; the ground had been previously covered with white, and the storm of colored snow was succeeded by another, the flakes of which were, as usual, of a pure and brilliant white—the two kinds being perfectly distinct. A portion of red snow melted in a vessel and the water evaporated left a fine rose-colored brick red, fell in Italy, in 1816, and in the Tyrol, 1847. A black snow fell at Walpole New Hampshire, a few years since, so intense in its color that a correspondent of the Boston Journal remarks concerning it: 'I send you some writing written with the snow as it fell, and with a clean pen.' The different colors of many of these storms may depend upon the same coloring matter under different conditions.

Microscopic investigations in various parts of the world have revealed the cause of these dust storms and blood rains to be either portions of various minerals or shells of infusoria, or parts of plants and insects carried into the atmosphere by the winds. Infusorial shells and aquatic plants of especial localities have been identified after having crossed the ocean and been deposited in dust storms, thus tracing aerial currents.

Ehrenberg found 320 different species of organisms in the dust of various showers; of these, five were of marine origin. This distinguished naturalist mentions 340 instances of dust storms and blood rains, of which 81 took place before the Christian era, and 259 after it.—*Albany Argus.*

AGE OF THE WORLD—WHAT SAYS GUANO?—The deepest deposit of guano known is 70 feet. According to Humboldt, a deposit of three centuries would not exceed more than one-third of an inch in thickness. By an easy mathematical calculation it will be seen that at this rate it would take almost countless centuries to form the deepest guano bed. Such a calculation carries us back towards a former geological period, and proves that in past ages a greater number of birds existed.

A Mexican Love Story Solved.

An extraordinary story comes from Mexico relative to flour. It appears that an old miller in that locality had a very beautiful wife, of whom he was jealous in the extreme, and took out his "soulagement" in thwacking the lovely young being. There was a certain cook, of the male species, young, handsome, and fat, who came to the mill from the hotel to buy flour, and hearing of the distress of the lonely one first, and seeing her second, become, of course, dreadfully in love. Some one told the miller.

The town began to talk of the fact, and to laugh at the floury one. One day the cook and the lovely young wife suddenly disappeared, and merrily laughed the Mexicans at the miller's misfortune; nothing went down but the scandal of the elopement of the miller's wife and the cook. The miller scowled vengefully upon all the town; and so time passed; nothing more was heard of the cook and the miller's wife by any one. Two years after the miller was pleased to die, and to inform the world in a paper, which was left to be opened after his death and to be published in the town, that the cook and the miller's wife has, by his planning, eloped into an oven two years since, and been baked; that he would have got rid of them elsewise, but for the jeering of the public; therefore he ground them up in a large mess of corn, which the town people were pleased to compliment him for as being exceedingly rich and nutritious, and he only hoped they would enjoy the reminiscence as he did the remainder of his life that he was spared wherever he saw a townsman.

THE FLORIDA REEFS.—The following are Agassiz's estimates of the formation and age of the Florida reefs on the coast of Florida:—

These reefs are built up by an insect that begins to work on the ground, in water of twelve or fifteen fathoms deep, and he cannot live unless he has the constant action of the sea upon him, so that he stops at the height of high tide. By numerous experiments it has been ascertained that the coral constructs at the rate of about half an inch in a century; but in order to err, if at all, on the safe side, Agassiz doubles his estimate in his calculations, making it an inch in a century. Now, outside the Florida Keys there is a long reef with an average height of seventy feet, which, therefore must have been begun 8,400 years ago, or 2,400 years before Adam. Secondly, the keys themselves are nothing but an inner repetition of the same sort of coral reef, or at least the same average height; and builders must have furnished them before they began on the outside reef, as appears from their necessity of having the open sea, and from the fact that there are now none outside of the one we have mentioned above. The Keys, therefore swell the record to 16,800 years. Next we have the shore bluff of the main land which is also of the coral construction, and which carries the earth's record above 20,000 years. Moreover, there are, as you go inland, seven well defined, and of course successive, coral reefs, which, added to the foregoing, would make the world 80,000 years old. And Prof. Agassiz regards this as a very moderate estimate.

THE COUNTRY CHOIR.—As I look at such matters, nothing sweeter, or purer, or more delicious to a simple soul, can be conceived than the unaffected singing of a country choir. There is a little scientific fuss and professional palaver about it. And the melodies come out so full and clear,—a creation each by itself, rising and falling in its cadences like the steady swell of the sea! I know few things, for myself, more true and hearty. There stands the choral row, male and female, heads erect and mouths open wide, letting out soul and voices together; the fiddle squeaking with excitement to get the lead, and the hard working chorister, with quick eye thrown to one side or the other, actually singing down the whole! As for the melody itself,—so simple and direct, so plaintive, so stirring, filling the house as with a flood from floor to ceiling, and drifting out through the open doors and windows into the echoing streets,—it is enough to move the most worldly heart that ever tried to mint itself into money. One hardly thinks he catches such seraphic strains again though he goes all the way from New England to Rome.

THE LAUGH OF A WOMAN.—A woman has no natural gift more bewitching than a sweet laugh. It is like the sound of flutes on the water. It leaps from her in a clear sparkling rill; and the heart that hears it feels as if bathed in a cool exhilerating spring. Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through trees, led on by a fairy laugh—now here, now there, now lost, now found? We have; and we are pursuing that voice to this day. Sometimes it will come to us in the midst of care and sorrow, or irksome business, and we turn away and listen and hear it ringing through the room like a silver bell, with power to scare away the evil spirits of the mind! It turns the prose to poetry; it flings flowers of sunshine over the darkness of the wood in which we are travelling; it touches with light even our sleep, which is no more the image of death, but is consumed with dreams that are the shadows of immortality.

☞Little things sometimes produce great results. A drop of water a little frosted will explode the mammoth rock in twain; a match will fire a whole city, and a little busybody gossip of a woman with a little tongue and no brain will set a whole neighborhood by the ears.

Why do you Worry?

Don't you know that multitudes of human beings turn away from the many blessings of their lot, and dwell and brood upon its worries? Don't you know that multitudes persistently look away from the numerous pleasant things they might contemplate, and look fixedly, and almost constantly, at painful and disagreeable things? You sit down, my friend, in your snug library, beside the evening fire. The blast without is hardly heard through the drawn curtains. Your wife is there, and your two grown up daughters. You feel thankful that, after the bustle of the day, you have this quiet retreat where you may rest and refit yourself for another day, with its bustle. But the conversation goes on. Nothing is talked of but the failings of the servants, and the idleness and impudence of your boys; unless, indeed, it be the supercilious bow with which Mrs. Snooks that afternoon passed your wife, and the fact that the pleasant dinner party at which you assisted the evening before at Mr. Smith's, has been ascertained to have been one of a second-chop character, his more honored guests having dined on the previous day. Every petty disagreeable in your lot, in short, is brought out, turned ingeniously in every possible light, and aggravated and exaggerated to the highest degree. The natural and necessary result follows. An hour, or less, of this discipline, brings all parties to a sulky and snappish frame of mind. And instead of the cheerful and thankful mood in which you were disposed to be when you sat down, you find that your whole moral nature is jarred and out of gear. And your wife, your daughters, and yourself, pass into moody, sullen silence over your books—books which you are not likely for this evening to much appreciate or enjoy.

Now, I put it to every sensible reader, whether there be not a great deal too much of this kind of thing. Are there not families that never spend a quiet evening together without embittering it by raking up every unpleasant subject in their lot and history? There are folks who, both in their own case and that of others, seem to find a strange satisfaction in sticking the thorn in the hand further in,—even in twisting the dagger in the heart. Their lot has its innumerable blessings, but they will not look at these. Let the view around in a hundred directions be ever so charming, they cannot be got to turn their mental view in one of these. They persist in keeping nose and eyes at the moral pig sty.—*Country Parson.*

TRUE AND FALSE GOOD-BREEDING.—It is truly said that a little gentility is a dangerous thing. There are no such sticklers for etiquette as the would-be fashionable, who have heard of good society, but have never seen it. Having no innate good-breeding, they hedge in their lives with conventionalities and rules borrowed from the "Handbook of Politeness." It is unsafe to do an original and spontaneous act in their presence, or let fall a remark that's not correctly commonplace, if you would beware of offending their fastidiousness. On the other hand, there's no such freedom anywhere as in really good society. Truly well-bred persons never act by rule, or fear giving offence by the freedom of their conduct and conversation. It is the high tone of their behavior that preserves them from vulgarity, not the observance of etiquette. Innate politeness and nobility of character show themselves in every gesture, in every accent of the voice and glance of the eye; humble dress and occupation cannot conceal them; neither can vulgarity put on those high qualities, though it be clad in purple and gold, and housed in a palace.

BEAUTIES OF SHADOWS.—The shadows all day long play at silent games of beauty. Every thing is double, if it stands in light. The tree sees an unrevealed and muffled self lying darkly along the ground. The slender stems of flowers, golden rods, wayside asters, meadow daisies, and rare lilies, (rare and yet abundant in every nice, level meadow,) cast forth a dim and tremulous line of shadow, that lies long all the morning, shortening till noon, and creeping out again from the root all the afternoon, until the sun shoots it as far eastward in the evening as the sun shot it westward in the morning. A million shadowy arrows such as these spring from Apollo's golden bow of light at every step. Flying in every direction, they cross, interlacing each other in a soft net-work of dim lines. Meanwhile, the clouds drop shadow-like anchors, that reach the ground, but will not hold; every browsing creature, every flitting bird, every moving team, every unconscious traveler writes itself along the ground in dim shadow.—*Henry Ward Beecher.*

WHAT IS A "SPLURGE?"—Rev. Dr. Cox has given the following, which, it strikes us, well defines the term by illustration:—The word "splurge" is a coinage, probably, not yet in any dictionary; yet meaning, as if a great rock of the mountain, disintegrated from its summit, should rush and bound, portentous and avalanched, into a sylvan lake at its foot, there making an uproarious splash, boring its way through the parted and the frighted waves, and after dashing the spray in all directions, burying itself in forgotten repose under congenial mud at the bottom; so gone forever from sight, from thought, from upper air, and all the ways of men; thus meaning—the low aim of making a considerable sensation at least once in society.

☞Neither purity, virtue, nor liberty can long flourish when education is neglected.

MALING A BULL USEFUL.—A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* gives an account of his training a bull to useful work. He says: "I am the fortunate possessor of a copy of a book on dog breeding, by Gen. Hutchinson, that Rarey of dog training—which in practice has taught me such marvels respecting education of animals, that I undertook to teach my bull with as much confidence as I would feel in training a Newfoundland dog to fetch a stick out of the water. I have one of Emery's endless chain powers to drive my hay-cutter. My bull is an Alderny, two years old, weighing a little over 900 pounds. I put on the break and had him led into the power, where he had a small feed of oats given him. While he ate those he was groomed and caressed. This was repeated two or three days in succession. Then, while he was eating, the break was slacked a little, and as the floor moved down, (slowly, so as not to alarm him,) he stepped up to keep his muzzle at the oats. At the fourth lesson he walked an hour, and cut hay enough to last my stock—some 18 head in all—two or three days. We have not had the slightest trouble, and so much does he seem to like the exercise, and the pleasant remembrance of the reward of good behavior, that I shall not be surprised if, when he happens to find the door open, he should go in and "run the machine" on his own account. I intend to put up a circular saw and let him cut my fire wood. Now for the advantages. The pampering and confinement which makes a horse run away, will in time make a bull devilish. The work I give him requires no harnessing; it is only an hour's walk up a hill of 13 deg. elevation. It gives him an outlet for his superfluous spirits, it keeps him "in hand" and gentle, it wears away the growth of his hoofs, develops his muscle, and improves his health. Have I not a right to expect my herd to be benefited by such management? I cut all my hay, stalks and straw for cattle and horses. It saves fully one-third."

TRAVELLING IN ASIA MINOR.—There is by no means a scarcity of vermin in Asia Minor, and as every town and village, and every particular locality, has its peculiar annoyance, the best way is to take a course of lessons in the bearing of them with submission. The novitiate will be divided into a septagon of trials. When you can see unmoved and feel even pleased to watch one or two dozen lizards running about in your tent, the initial trial is over. When you can bear twenty or thirty mosquito bites upon your proboscis, and not feel afraid of the swelling, and can even appreciate all the time how beautifully their fine hums are drawn out, you are at the end of your second lesson. When you can eat your dinner contentedly, although thousands of ants surround it, and even eat a few occasionally, and when you will not rise up from the table any sooner, although you know that your legs are acting as a mechanical conductor to the swarm, the third item of your diploma is signed. When you can, without a shudder, take up a black centipede or two, and politely throw him out the door-way with the feelingly pronounced benediction of Uncle Toby in Sterne, you have overcome your fourth trial. When you can see upon your person the hairy, yellow tarantula, minus an involuntary scream, and quietly put the three inched deadly spider under your feet, the fifth corner of your septagon of trials has been rounded off. When you can feel amused even whilst destroying a nest of scorpions, and dedicate all your presence of mind to sending them satisfactorily Hadesward, item six is overcome. And when you can lie unmoved in the dark of your tent at night, and hear and feel a gliding snake, for the tenth time move over your coverlet, nor ever think of your Lucifer matches, you novitiate is ended and all the seven vials emptied.—*Travels in the East.*

MORAL BACKBONE.—Without a stiff moral backbone a sound condition of the mental organization is impossible. Yet this essential element of mental stability is rather rare. Weakness of the moral spine is in fact much more common than disease of the material vertebræ. It is a sad disability and works an infinity of mischief. Those who are afflicted by it not only wrong themselves through its influence, but also inflict serious evils upon society. They lend money which in some cases they can ill spare, to persons whom it does not benefit; become security for people they do not know, and are mulcted in the amount of the guarantee; recommend as worthy of the confidence of others men in whom they have no confidence themselves, and are dishonored by the conduct of their *proteges;* bestow places on individuals they do not esteem; live in a manner which neither their conscience not their taste approves, and all this because they have not strength enough in their moral spines to bear up against the pressure of importunity and temptation. Where there is a natural tendency to this kind of weakness it should be choked in early life, for it rapidly grows worse by indulgence. "He has had an ill education," said the Elder Brutus, "who has not been taught to *deny.*" A peremptory negative at the right time has saved many multitudes from perdition. A weak assent at the wrong time has been the ruin of millions.

☞A sharp talking lady was reproved by her husband, who requested her to keep her tongue in her mouth. "My dear," responded the wife, "it is against the law to carry concealed weapons."

☞A fit of abstraction—picking a man's pocket.

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☞Somebody—a crusty bachelor, of course—inquires why, when Eve was manufactured of a spare rib, a servant wasn't made at the same time to wait on her. Somebody else—a woman, we imagine—replies in the following strain:

"Because Adam never came whining to Eve with a ragged stocking to be darned, collar string to be sewed on, or a glove to mend 'right away, quick now!' Because he never read the newspaper until the sun got down behind the palm trees, and he stretching out, yawned out: "Ain't supper most ready, my dear?" Not he. He made the fire and hung the kettle over it himself, we'll venture; and pulled the radishes, peeled the potatoes, and did everything else he ought to do. He milked the cows, fed the chickens, and looked after the pigs himself, and he never brought home half a dozen friends to dinner when Eve hadn't any fresh pomegranates. He never stayed out till 11 o'clock to a political meeting, burrahing for an out and out candidate, and then scolding because poor Eve was sitting up and crying inside the gates. He never played billiards, rolled tenpins, and drove fast horses, nor choked Eve with cigar smoke. He never loafed around corner groceries while Eve was rocking little Cain's cradle at home. In short, he didn't think she was especially created for the purpose of waiting on him, and wasn't under the impression that it disgraced a man to lighten a new wife's care's a little. That's the reason that Eve did not need a hired girl, and with it was the reason that her fair descendants did."

☞A stranger in London, and in fact throughout England, will be struck by the absence of anything in the shape of barbershops. There are some ground cellars which pretend to be such, but they must have come down from a past age. You enter one of these dens. It is provided with a broken-backed chair or a stool, with a seat like a shoemaker's bench. You sit down, with nothing in the world to rest your head against, while the barber, a greasy object, with a leather apron on, fixes a dirty towel about your neck, deluges you with a filthy lather made of brown soap, and then proceeds to mow off your beard, like a reaper in a harvest field. This flaying alive process over, he jerks the napkin off your neck, and pointing to a broken wash basin, says, "There is water." You then dress your own hair with the remnant of a brush and a huge comb, with half the teeth gone. If Le Sage had ever been in England, I should say that he assuredly copied his barber in Gil Blas from one of the London cellars. The cost of the entire operation is *one penny.*

☞An amusing incident occurred in one of the churches of Philadelphia last Sunday evening. An old lady, whose failing eyes demanded an unusually large prayer book, started for church a little early. Stopping on the way to call on a friend, she laid her prayer book on the centre table.—When the bells began to chime she snatched what she supposed to be her prayer book and started for church.—Her seat was in the chancel end of the gallery. The organ ceased playing.—The minister read, "The Lord is in his holy Temple, let all the earth keep silence before him." In the effort to open her supposed prayer book, she started the spring of the music box, which she had taken instead. It began to play—in her consternation she put it on the floor. It would not stop—she put it on the seat, it sounded louder than ever. Finally she carried it out, while it played the "Washing Day," an Irish jig tune.

☞Rev. Mr. ——, of Lawrence, Mass., is a bachelor. Noticing, early in the season, that one of his members, a married lady, was not at meeting for several Sabbaths, he called to ask the reason. As her reply was somewhat evasive, he surmised that she had "nothing to wear," and said "you are waiting for your spring bonnet, I suppose." Weeks passed, and still she did not make her appearance. He therefore thought he would call again. Approaching the house, he saw her sitting at the open window, and blandly remarked, "I haven't seen you at church yet; hasn't that bonnet come?" "Yes, sir," she archly replied. "Shall I show it to you?" "If you please," answered the wondering pastor. Holding up a wee bit of a baby, she said, blushing, "this is the spring bonnet I was waiting for; did I do right?"

☞A young lady, being addressed by a gentleman much older than herself, observed to him that the only objection she had to a union with him was the probability of his dying before her, and leaving her to feel the sorrows of widowhood; to which he made the following ingenious and complimentary reply: "Blessed is the man that has a virtuous wife, for the number of his days may be doubled."

☞Some editors say that the destiny of the world hangs on the smallest trifles. A little miff between Charles Bonaparte and his love Letitia might have broken off a marriage which gave birth to Napoleon and the battle of Waterloo. To which we say: "Yes; that is a fact. Suppose a 'little miff' had taken place between Adam and Eve—what then?"

☞A sensitive lady from the country, looking for a coach—"Pray sir, are you engaged?"

Cabman—"Och, bless your purty soul, ma'm, I have been married this seven years, and have nine children."

☞Those who blow the coal of others' strife may chance to have the sparks fly in their own faces.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Oct. 2, 1867.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

☞In all the State elections held this fall the Republican party has lost strength, and it is fair to suppose that in the elections yet to be held that party must continue to suffer.

☞The majority of voters in the State are opposed to the Democratic party, but they are not willing to be used any longer to aid the radicals and corrupt politicians of the Republican party in a continuance of the political strife and dishonesty that has existed during the past three years.

☞If the Republican party should be defeated on next Tuesday—what then? Why the leaders of the party would come to the conclusion that the honest men who have followed them are no longer to be humbugged, and a change of programme from radicalism and extravagance to Unionism and economy will be made, that defeat in the future may be avoided.

☞Our experience has led us to the belief that there can be no standstill in parties. Their majorities must either increase or lessen. When a party meets with the favor of the *people* its majorities will increase; but when it does not they will decrease. A falling off in votes cannot be explained away by pleading the intervention of any "side issues:" it can be taken as nothing more nor less than that the conduct of the party does not meet with the favor of the people. We have only to look at the recent elections in California and Maine to corroborate this view. These elections were the beginning of the reaction, and the States which follow will continue the echo. The people are tired of the Radicals, and the coming elections, we predict, will show their weariness and disgust.

THE STATE FAIR.—We visited the State Fair at Pittsburgh on Wednesday and Thursday last and found the exhibition very good in some departments. The stock cattle were very fine. The horses, fine wool sheep and Chester hogs were good. Agricultural implements and machinery generally were very numerous. The fancy displays were magnificent. The poultry exhibition was a failure—we have seen a better in any of our county fairs.—The fruit display was fine, but in vegetables there was a failure. The crowd of people in attendance on Thursday was the greatest we ever saw on any occasion, and all present will agree that a shower of rain sufficient to have settled the dust would have been very acceptable. We have no doubt the Fair paid expenses, leaving a good balance in the Treasury.

Thad. Stevens' Prediction.

Some months ago Thad. Stevens, in a letter to a friend of his, wrote as follows:

"I fear that we shall lose Pennsylvania this next election. I do not think we have Earnestness enough in the State to unite and draw out the Republican Strength, while the *Republican portion of our legislature has been so openly, notoriously and shamefully corrupt*, that all the honest people in the State are disheartened and disgusted."

If Thad. had also added, that the fanatical and revolutionary measures of the leaders of his party in and out of Congress would also aid in the defeat of his party he would have given more good reasons why he feared defeat in this State. His public admission that Congress has been working outside of the Constitution has also aided in reducing the strength of the Republican party, not only in this, but in every State in the Union. When the election is over, and the Radical party defeated, as we believe it will be, the Republican masses will see more clearly the mistake they made by following in the footsteps of such dangerous men as Stevens, Phillips & Co. A close contest, or a clean defeat on Tuesday next, will do more towards *reforming* the Republican party than all the protests the honest masses of the party can offer. The leaders of the party must receive a check before a peaceable Union with all the States can be established, or economy and prosperity expected to prevail.

☞We have received copies of late Southern papers. The tone of all of them is for peace. They advise their readers to abandon politics and to pay more attention to the business interests of that section. The people of the South are following this advice. And we think from the signs of the times, that there is a growing sentiment in the North, in the same direction. We are happy to see it. Show us a man who loves to talk about his party at all times, and we will show you a political trickster, a fool or a buffoon. A man who follows his party, when it is wrong, and he knows it to be wrong, is a poor miserable creature at best. No one can respect him for sacrificing his reason, and his manhood, on the contemptible altar of his party. He is either a tool in the hands of others, or else he votes against his judgment in the hope of political reward.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says that the present cotton crop in the South will not reach 2,000,000 bales.

The Election.

The election in this State takes place on Tuesday next, and we intend to be candid in giving an honest opinion. We have been a voter for thirty-two years—have taken an active part in politics for nearly the same length of time—have voted and acted with the Whig, Democratic, and Union parties and now find ourself outside of all party organizations—free to speak for ourself and for what we believe to be the best interests of our distracted country. The election on Tuesday next will result, as we honestly believe, in the defeat of the Radical party—not that a majority of the people have any more confidence in the Democratic organization than they had during the war—not that they desire to endorse the principles of the Democratic party—not that they have changed their opinions from what they were during the war—not that they endorse the stand taken by President Johnson—not that they want to see the Rebels again occupy public places in our government—not that they are opposed to seeing treason punished, or that they want rebels to rule—but because they have patiently tried the Radical rule for three years and find the country in a worse condition to-day than it was when the war closed. Millions are daily being added to our National debt—taxes must daily increase—and the industry of the whole country must continue to suffer. *Politics* and *politicians* in high places rule the business of the country and the people with an iron rod, while *thieves plunder the treasury* of the hard earnings of the tax-payers. A patient trial has convinced an honest people that no relief can be expected so long as radical and corrupt men are sustained, and in hopes of being distinctly understood, thousands of independent voters will on Tuesday next, if they vote at all, vote against the Radical party. If we wish to live in Union, we must act like Union men. If we wish our country prosperous, its enemies in all parties must be punished. If we wish our taxes reduced, we must give the party in power to understand that we will not support extravagance or corruption. A defeat of the Republican party on Tuesday next will not be a Democratic victory—it will be a victory of the voters opposed to Radicalism and in favor of reform and a Union. There never can be peace in this country under *Radical* rule.

☞*Perhaps* the large majority of our patrons may not like the plainness of our editorial articles this week.—As an independent *journalist*, having the prosperity and happiness of the people of a whole Union at heart, we cannot refrain from speaking plainly what we believe to be the truth.—Our readers know we have no love for the Democratic party. We battled against it during the war, and although the *Union party*, of which we were an earnest member, was destroyed by the radical influence in the Republican party, we have not deserted its platform and feel confident we never shall. The Republican party would receive our support to-day, if it was the same party battling for the same principles the Union party battled for during the war.

The candid reader—the man who has watched the progress of parties, has seen the Union party destroyed and with it the *true Union principles* of the country—and its place is now occupied by the Republican party, a party marshalled and controlled by bad men—by men who have no more respect for the Constitution of our country than Jeff Davis had—by men who, if the Republican party continue to follow, will destroy it, as effectually as they did the Union party. Already the Republican party is losing strength in every State among white men, and popular public opinion will soon prefer the Democratic party as a choice of evils. If the *opposition* to the Democratic party wish to continue in the majority, the radical leaders with their radical notions must be repudiated, and a faithful support given to genuine Union principles. We have a desire for the success of a *Union* party at all elections, and we hope the defeat of the Republicans in this and other States will open the eyes of all loyal men to the importance of at once reorganizing without the membership, assistance or dictation of the crazy, fanatical disunion radicals and their corrupt followers. If we are ever to be blessed with peace and prosperity again, Jeff Davis and his friends, and Wendell Phillips, Thad Stevens & Co, and their friends, will have to be kept on the background, to be remembered but not to be honored.

☞The traps which are set by the politicians to catch Gen. Grant are numerous. The latest we hear is that in which Sheridan is made to express the views of Grant upon radicalism. We consider it a mere campaign sensation. Grant will do well to keep his mouth shut; for let him open it but once and a train of difficulties will follow which he little expected. Gen. Grant is watched closer by the politicians than any other American on the Continent. The reason is that the politicians fear he will spoil their programme. After the elections are over the people will hear less of the Generals the politicians are now using.

Cotton is being raised with success in the Sandwich Islands.

David Paul Brown for Sharswood.

The great criminal lawyer, David Paul Brown, Esq., of Philadelphia, has just published a pamphlet in which he advocates the election of Judge Sharswood. Mr. Brown is a most prominent Republican, but goes for Sharswood as the best man that could be named for Judge of the Supreme Court. In the course of his pamphlet he says:

"The fact of Judge Williams being but forty-six years old, may be the ground of a presumption that he, by due efforts, may live to be an eminent Judge, but we are to rely *rather upon facts than fancy*. We have in Judge Sharswood, the assurance of qualities that in the case of Judge Williams, at the best, we have only the promise of. Which, then, let me ask, would be the more reasonable choice? It takes twenty years to make a lawyer, and *even then he has something* to learn. A good Judge would require nearly all that time on the score of mere legal competency, and he should necessarily improve during that time, in his aptitude for business, in his self-control, in his temper and demeanor, for all these things enter into the formation of his judicial character. Now, can it be supposed that with the few years that Judge Williams has occupied the bench at Pittsburgh, having comparatively limited jurisdiction, that he could have derived those advantages in the formation of a Judge, which were necessarily acquired and fully exhibited on the part of his antagonist during more than twenty years?

In conclusion, allow me to say that for the reasons suggested, I shall vote for Judge Sharswood. In doing so I do not feel that I should compromise my principles as a thorough national Republican—in acting otherwise, I should carry with me the consciousness of doing injustice to a meritorious man, of inflicting a causeless and careless wound upon the purity, permanency and integrity of the Judiciary. My term of life is short, but the lessons of this day may last—in their pernicious and corrupt influence—unto the latest posterity. Let the people, then, think of this, do what they believe to be Right, and stand firmly by their moral as well as their political faith.

DAVID PAUL BROWN."

Mr. Brown is not the only prominent Republican in Philadelphia who will vote for Sharswood as the best man. The majority in the city for Sharswood is expected to reach not less than five thousand.

The most objectionable plank in the platform upon which Judge Williams, the Radical candidate stands is the following resolution adopted by the nominating convention:

"*Resolved*, That warned by past misfortunes, we ask that the Supreme Court of the State be placed in harmony with the *political* opinions of a majority of the people."

As often as the political majority in the State may change, the political opinions of a Judge must change—that he may be a mere political Judge to give an opinion to suit the notions of the political party in power. We hope no such tools of a political party will ever be elevated to a seat upon the Supreme Bench.

☞Tennessee is a "reconstructed" State after the fashion of Radicalism. All elections held there must be held at the point of bayonets. We want no such reconstruction in Pennsylvania and yet we may have such reconstruction in a very few months, if the radicals are encouraged by the voters at the next election.

☞The Republicans are very much afraid they will not get out their full vote this year, and without it they expect defeat. What else can any party expect whose leaders act so corruptly, set aside the Constitution and override the people's will?

[From the Pittsburg Commercial, Sept. 20.]

Mr. Johnston--He Goes to the Penitentiary.

Wm. Johnston, familiary known as "old Billy Johnston," well known to the residents of Hollidaysburg and Altoona, was yesterday conveyed to the Western Penitentiary, by Gen. Rowley, United States Marshal, to which place he was sentenced by Judge McCandless for the period of seven years, having been convicted of dealing in counterfeit money. The trial was one of the most exciting ever witnessed here, and was *conducted* with great ability on both sides. The defense alleged that the accused was the victim of a most wicked conspiracy, and that his conviction was accomplished by perjury. He proved an excellent reputation for honesty, covering a period of over forty years, but the testimony against him was of such a positive character, that the jury felt constrained to believe it—the inference being that his good character was only a cloak that he might the more readily deceive the honest and suspecting. The case was, in some respects, an extraordinary one, but we have not the slightest disposition to take exceptions to the verdict, as the defendant had a fair and impartial trial. Johnston is a man of considerable means—not wealthy, but in good circumstances. He has a family, and is very respectably connected. He is now in the winter of life, having attained the age of sixty-five, and to a man in his position a term of seven years in the penitentiary is only suggestive of misery and death. In view of his situation, and upon the possibility that he might never get out of prison alive, time was allowed him to settle up his affairs as though he were preparing for death. He seemed to feel very keenly the hardship of his situation, and as he left the car in front of the prison, and walked up the pleasant avenue, so delightfully shaded and embellished with shrubs and flowers, he wept like a child. The big tears coursed down his aged cheeks, and his whole frame was convulsed with anguish. It was a sad sight indeed.

We need scarcely add that an effort is already making to procure the pardon of the old man. He has influential gentlemen enlisted in his behalf, and they will do all in their power to secure executive clemency at an early day.

—Last week a hotel keeper in Lancaster "smelled a mice" in this wise: Two countrymen took lodgings at his place, and fared sumptuously, drinking three bottles of wine daily. The last day, and before they had settled their bill, a dispute arose about the speed of their horses. They at last settled upon a race, and appointed the landlord judge. When they were ready the judge, like those of the Olympian games, gave the word—one, two, three, and go. Away they went, and have neither been seen nor heard of since. No doubt they are running at this moment (a bill in some other place) leaving this landlord fully compensated by having had the honor of being judge.

[From the New York Herald, (Republican.)

The Approaching Political Campaign North and West.

Our Cincinnati and Cleveland correspondence, published on Thursday; our correspondence from Pennsylvania, published a few days ago, as well as that which we are receiving daily from other parts of the North and West, all show that a great and wide-spread reaction has commenced against the dominant radical party. The people, who gave the Republicans their votes and support, during the war and since, did so for quite a different object from that which the party is now pursuing. That was placed in power, first, to prosecute the war for the Union to a successful issue, and, second, to harmonize and restore the country, as it promised to do, upon the basis of the Constitutional amendment.

When it went beyond this and created a military despotism over the South; when it attempted to subvert the Constitution, or rather to ignore it altogether, its leaders boldly declaring the country in a state of revolution, and when its object to establish negro supremacy and a negro balance of power became apparent, the people saw they had been cheated. Had the members of the present Congress, when candidates, gone before the people with such a revolutionary programme, they would have been defeated. They have played a confidence game upon the public, and acting as the masters rather than the servants of the people, have defied the sentiment of the country. This infamous conduct has *produced its fruit*. The public mind is becoming enlightened, and a general reaction has set in.

The radical press, though evidently much alarmed, attempts to explain away the true cause of the Republican losses in Maine and California; but that is a hopeless task. Every one knows the cause is general; that local issues have had little to do with it, and that it lies in the dissatisfaction of people generally with the negro supremacy policy of the radicals. It is found, in fact, in the common sense and patriotism of the mass of the people revolting against the faithlessness and destructive measures of Congress. But our correspondence shows beyond doubt that an extraordinary reaction is going on in all the great Central States and in the West. The general issue as regards negro suffrage and negro supremacy is the same everywhere—the same in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, and the other States, and the same as entered into the elections in California and Maine.

In these latter States, however, the contest was tame compared with what it will be, from all appearances, in the elections to come off during the next two months. There is another important question looming up prominently in the canvass, particularly in Ohio and other parts of the West, and that is the *financial question*. This threatens to prove as disastrous to the radicals as their niggerworshipping policy. The Chase radical policy for perpetuating a moneyed oligarchy and despotism is viewed with as much disfavor in the West, among all parties as negro supremacy. The mass of the Republicans, as well as the Democrats, are bitterly opposed to the national bank monopoly, to contraction of the currency, to the boudholders being exempt from taxation; and to all the other measures of Chase, McCulloch, and their friends in favor of a moneyed oligarchy. The industrious classes—the farmers, laborers, mechanics, and tradesmen—see ruin staring them in the face if this wretched financial system be perpetuated. They see that an enormous debt will be fastened upon them, their labor taxed beyond forbearance, their means of paying their taxes and debts greatly reduced, and the prospect of universal bankruptcy; and all to favor the national bank monopoly, the bondholders and capitalists. Looking at the rapid growth of public opinion in opposition to the radical financial policy, there is reason to believe the party will be defeated in the West on this issue *alone*. The whole tenor of our correspondence indicates such a result.

But the main question occupying the public mind at present, is that of *negro suffrage* and a *negro balance of power* in the republic. The prospect of the South being governed by the ignorant and uncivilized negroes, of these benighted blacks holding the balance of political power in the republic, of taking their seats in Congress, and of dominating over the people of our own superior race, with the degradation and ruin that must follow, these are the thoughts so repulsive to the mass of the Northern people. It is this fearful prospect, brought before us by radical rule, that has created a revulsion in the public mind, and that will surely overwhelm the party that has brought the country to such a deplorable condition. The great reactionary movement of the day is not one in favor of the Democratic party, and least of all in favor of the Copperhead faction. The question at issues are new; old party dogmas and platforms have become obsolete. The masses of the people which have voted on both sides are now coming together as the great constitutional party. They are disgusted with the disorganizing and revolutionary conduct of the radicals, and with the infamous attempt to Africanize the republic by creating a negro balance of power. That is the real state of things and if we mistake not the signs of the times; the radicals will be defeated in the great Central States, as well as in the West, at the *coming elections*. The moderate and conservative Republicans should throw off their destructive leaders and unite with others to form the great constitutional party of the future.

Gen. Sherman made a speech to the Indians in the council on the North Platte last week He told them the Pacific Railroad must be built, and that they could not be permitted to interfere with it. A proposition was submitted for the Indians to accept homes on the new reservations, and they were given until the 1st of November to answer at the council to be held at the North Platte.

Oakes Ames, of North Easton, Massachusetts, has contracted to build nearly the whole of the remaining portion of the Union Pacific Railroad—some six hundred miles, passing through the Rocky Mountain region—receiving therefor over forty-seven millions of dollars.

[From the N. Y. Evening Express.]

The Constitution of the United States.

This instrument was done in convention, and signed by George Washington, President of that body, on the 17th day of September, in the year of our Lord 1787. Tuesday was the 80th anniversary of that great transaction. That Constitution constituted not a confederation of several States, not a league between States, but a government for the whole people of the United States, made by the people. It reads, "We the people do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America." It ordained a government of limited powers; the exercise of the powers granted through a period of eighty years has made us what we are—a nation second to no other in the world in power, enterprise, and intelligence. Are not the people of the United States bound, by every consideration of duty and patriotism, to cherish the Constitution, and defend it against all violations? Has it been violated? There can be no more dangerous violations of the Constitution, than when the agents of the people in any department of the Government exercise powers not granted to them—this constitutes usurpation. We endeavored to show on Thursday last that the Congress of the United States—the legislative department—had been guilty of usurpation. The *argument* to prove this averment is very brief; it has not been answered, and it shall be kept before the public until it receives an answer. Congress has no powers except those granted in the *Constitution*—the powers vested in that body, says the Constitution, are those herein granted. It follows, therefore, that the exercise by that body of powers not granted, is usurpation. What is the admitted state of facts? The leading member of the House of Representatives says:—"Some of the members of the Senate seemed to doubt their powers under the Constitution, which they had just repudiated, and wholly outside of which all agreed that we were acting, else our whole work of reconstruction was usurpation." The editor of the New York *Times*, in that paper of Tuesday, says:—"So much of the strong effort of the last six years—military and civil—has been done outside of the letter of the Constitution, that it is vain labor to appeal to any absolute constitutional guide, however earnestly moderate and conservative men may desire to make such an appeal."

We are here plainly told that it is in vain to appeal to any constitutional guide. Indeed! has it come to this? Have we no Government with defined powers? May Congress do what it pleases without any reference to the fundamental law! Can this be so? We do not believe it, and we shall appeal to a constitutional guide over and over again, until we are heard, and the public come to the rescue of their own Constitution. Let us see how this *doctrine of a repudiated Constitution* will work—what will be its practical operation upon the business of the country. If the Constitution can be repudiated by imposing military governments upon the people of the States lately in rebellion, its charm will be dispelled—the reverence of the people for this fundamental law will be lost, and it will be less difficult to violate it in other requirements. For instance, the Constitution strongly maintains the sacredness of contracts. Now it is well known, and comes to be sorely felt, that the Government has incurred an enormous public debt. Good faith, national honor, require that this debt should be paid. The morality which pervades every line of the Constitution requires the same thing. All can see that the time is not far distant when the payment of this debt will become very inconvenient for the people. Can anybody doubt that a repudiating party will arise, when just such demagogues as now rule in Congress will seek to sweep away all the obligations of justice and honor, now embalmed in the Constitution? If it is in vain now that moderate and considerate men appeal to the Constitution, what will it be then, after the people have been taught not only to repudiate, but to despise this instrument?

Let us, fellow-citizens, cling to the Constitution—the people have been taught through a *long* series of years to love and venerate it. Nothing can be more dangerous than to impair this popular respect and veneration.

MARRIAGE OF A HINDOO GIRL TO AN IDOL.—The following curious account of the marriage of a Hindoo girl to an idol is given by the *Oude Gazette*:

"Some time ago a paper of the northwestern provinces announced the arrival of an old Deccan Brahmim with his family in the town of Muthra, where Rungacharee the high priest of the Ramanoojee sect, greatly patronized him. The old Brahmim has two daughters, one a grown-up girl, and the other only nine years old. While residing at Muthra the younger girl gave out that Krishnajee (one of the incarnations of Vishnu, the Hindoo god) appeared to her in a dream, and proposed a nuptual alliance with her. Next day the girl was, with great pomp, married to an idol worshipped in a Hindoo temple. The ignorant and superstitious people rejoiced at this absurd marriage, and began to venerate the girl as an inspired being. Both the girls have learned by heart eighteen thousand couplets of the 'Bhagwut,' a work in the Sanscrit language. They have now arrived in this city, and put up at a house in the vicinity of the 'Gole Durwaza.' Every morning Hindoos of all ages and sexes congregate there to hear the melodious recitations of the two girls. Both the girls consider themselves as dedicated to the service of the god Krishna; and after their daily recitations are concluded they make no hesitation in accepting such presents of money and sweetmeats as their hearers may choose to give them. We have little doubt that they have already reaped a rich harvest from their deluded votaries."

The New York *Independent* calls Fred. Douglass "the greatest black man in the nation," and adds: "Mr. Douglass resides at Rochester, in a Republican district, which we hope to see him representing in Congress."

About five hundred prisoners and soldiers at the Dry Tortugas, Florida, have died from yellow fever. O'Laughlin, one of Lincoln's conspirators, was one of the number.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELLING OFF

CHEAP.

DESIRING TO SELL OUT THIS year's styles of WALL PAPER, to make room for next Spring stock. Persons intending to paper this Fall should call at LEWIS' BOOK STORE, and examine stock. A large number of handsome patterns on hand, all of which will be sold cheap. oct2-tf

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDRENS WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES, and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,

718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,

oct2-4m PHILADELPHIA.

☞I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

NOTICE TO LUMBERMEN, MINERS AND OTHERS.

Owing to the depression in the Coal trade, I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at my stable on Broad Top, Huntingdon county, Pa., on the 17th day of OCTOBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a part of my valuable stock of

HORSES AND MULES.

Said stock are in good condition and suitable for any work.

TERMS CASH on all sums less than $100, and over (3) three months with good security.

WM. M. CHASE,

se25-3t Agent Powelton Coal and Iron Co.

LOGAN ACADEMY.

A First Class High School for Boys.

Its location is healthful, romantic and convenient, seven miles east of Altoona, on the Penna. Central railroad.

☞Next term begins NOVEMBER 4th, 1867.

Apply to R. H. FULTON, Principal,

se18-2m* Antistown P. O., Blair co., Pa.

AN IMPROVEMENT IN LIGHT!

We take pleasure in putting before the public a LAMP for burning fat, lard or tallow, which is superior to any of the kind ever introduced. It differs from all others, as it does not require the fat to be melted before lighting. It heats the fat by a copper pipe, which conducts the heat under the fat and melts it immediately.

Thousands of the lamps have been sold and no complaints have been made. All lamps warranted to give general satisfaction, or the money refunded.

A rare opportunity is offered to any person or persons that may wish to engage in the business. Huntingdon and Mifflin counties will be sold in townships at reasonable terms to suit purchasers. A sample lamp will be forwarded to any person on receipt of retail price, $1,50, and forwarded at my expense.

Will either sell territory or pay agents by the day or piece. Agents are making from $5 to $15 per day, for they sell very fast. They are what every person needs. All letters will receive prompt attention.

Address or call on D. WALKER,

Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa.

☞Lamp may be seen at the Franklin House in Huntingdon; Mr. Hughes' Store, Mill Creek, and at the hotel in Cassville. se18-tf

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angeles, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable *Tonic and Strengthening Properties* are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office, A. SPEER,

No. 245 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.

Sold by JOHN REED, Druggist, Huntingdon. se18

EYRE & LANDELL,

Fourth and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Are offering a NEW STOCK of

DRY GOODS

FOR THE FALL SALES OF

1867.

SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS,

AND

STAPLE DRY GOODS.

N. B.—Job lots of Goods received daily. [se11-6t

W. M. HOLMES. | C. K. ESSINGTON.

HOLMES & ESSINGTON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR REFINED CAST-STEEL

AXES.

Double Bitts, Pole, Broad and Peeling AXES and Broad HATCHETS, of various patterns, manufactured from best refined Cast Steel.

ALSO,

GRUB HOES, MATTOCKS, RAILROAD AND MINERS' PICKS.

Orders solicited. Orders solicited.

Milesburg, Centre Co., Penna.

sept11-3m

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

PROCLAMATION.—NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION

TO BE HELD ON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1867.

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, 1839, I, JAMES F. BATHURST, High Sheriff of the county of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on the 2d Tuesday after the first Monday of October, (being the *8th day of OCTOBER,*) at which *time State, District* and County officers will be elected, to wit:

One person to fill the office of Supreme Judge of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Blair, Centre, Juniata and Mifflin, in the Senate of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Juniata and Mifflin, in the House of Representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Treasurer of Huntingdon county.

One person to fill the office of County Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

Two persons to fill the office of Jury Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

One person to fill the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.

Two persons to fill the office of Auditor of Huntingdon county.

In pursuance of said act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid special election in the several election districts within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Union School House.

2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's, in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 10th district, at the school house adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at Rough and Ready Furnace.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg, and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of District No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd, in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker township, and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of Tobias Caufman's Farm on the bank of the Little Juniata river, to the lower end of Jackson's narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north 40 degrees west to the top of Tussey's mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to Little Juniata river, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the public school house opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of Geo. W. Mattern, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union school house, near the Union Meeting house, in said twp.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at the school house, near Ezekiel Corbin's, in said township.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre school house, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West township not included in 7th and 20th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Eunis,) in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Megaby, in M'Connellstown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at the Green school house, in said township.

17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the house of Wm. D. Rankin, Warm Springs.

18th district, composed of Cromwell township, at the house now occupied by David Etnire, in Orbisonia.

19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, John K. McCahan, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer and Wm. Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.

20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.

21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public house of Edward Littles, at McAlevy's Fort, in said township.

22d district, composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottsville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Markleburg, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mount Union,) namely: Beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township lines with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said, Union township line for the distance of three miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy ridge; thence northwardly along the summit of Sandy ridge to the river Juniata, and thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a separate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township elections in the public school house in Mount Union, in said district.

25th district, composed of the borough of Huntingdon, at the Court House in said borough. Those parts of Walker and Porter townships, beginning at the southern end of the bridge across the Juniata river at the foot of Montgomery street, thence by the Juniata township line to the line of the Walker election district, thence by the same to the corner of Porter township at the Woodcock Valley road near Kee's school house, thence by the line between Walker and Porter townships, to the summit of the Warrior ridge, thence along said ridge to the Juniata river so as to include the dwelling-house at Whittaker's, now Fisher's old mill, and thence down said river to the place of beginning, be annexed to the Huntingdon Borough election district, and that the inhabitants thereof shall and may vote at all general elections.

26th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West townships, at or near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's mountain, so as to include in the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longanecker, Thos. Hower, James Porter, and John Wall, at the school-house in the borough of Petersburg.

27th district, composed of Juniata township, at the house of John Feigtal, on the lands of Henry Isenberg.

28th district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a Chestnut Oak, on the summit Terrace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little Valley; thence south fifty-two degrees, east three hundred and sixty perches, to a stone heap on the Western Summit of Broad Top mountain; thence north sixty-seven degrees, east three hundred and twelve perches, to a yellow pine; thence south fifty-two degrees, east seven hundred and seventy-two perches, to a Chestnut Oak; thence south fourteen degrees, east three hundred and fifty one perches, to a Chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Greek's land; thence south thirty-one and a half degrees, east two hundred and ninety-four perches, to a Chestnut Oak on the summit of a spur of Broad Top, on the western side of John Terrel's farm; south, sixty-five degrees, east nine hundred and thirty-four perches, to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the Broad Top City Hotel, kept by C. Allmond, in said township.

29th district, composed of the borough of Coalmont, at the public school house in said borough.

30th district, composed of Lincoln township, beginning at a pine on the summit of Tussey mountain on the line between Blair and Huntingdon counties, thence by the division line south, fifty-eight degrees east seven hundred and ninety-eight perches to a black oak in middle of township; thence forty-two and one half degrees east eight hundred and two perches to a pine on summit of Terrace; thence by line of Tod township to corner of Penn township; thence by the lines of the township of Penn to the summit of Tussey mountain; thence along said summit with line of Blair county to place of beginning, at Coffee Run School House.

31st district, composed of the borough of Mapleton, at the Grant school house in said borough.

32d district, composed of the borough of Mount Union, at school house No. 1, in said borough.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, that "every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, *and that no inspector or judge, or other officer of any* such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Also, that in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as *judge, or inspector or clerk of any general or special* election in this Commonwealth."

In accordance with the provision of the 8th section of an act entitled "A further supplement to the election Laws of this Commonwealth," I publish the following:

Whereas, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out of the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March 3d, 1865, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged or relieved from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof;

And whereas, Persons not citizens of the United States are not, under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania qualified electors of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person or persons embraced in the provisions and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March 3d, 1865, *and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to* vote any ballot or ballots.

SEC. 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, he shall for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officer thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, *and on conviction thereof* in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall for each offence be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act in case of officers of election receiving any such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons, deprived of citizenship, or disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of *any* election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officer to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person, deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner is provided in the second section of this act in the case of *officers of such election* receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

Particular attention is directed to the first section of the Act of Assembly, passed the 30th day of March A. D. 1866, entitled "An Act regulating the manner of Voting at all Elections, in the several counties of this Commonwealth:"

"That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all *general*, township, borough, and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and be labelled outside "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace all the names of State officers voted for, and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Oct. 2, 1867.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

New Advertisements in this Issue.

☞ See opposite page. ☜

Brief Items.

—On the *qui vive:* the politicians.

—Look out for button-holing at the Fair this week.

—We publish the premium list on the fourth page.

—The first number of the Mt. Union *Herald* will be published this week, at Mt. Union, this county.

—Blessed is the man at this time who is an independent voter; for the politicians and runners are apt to let him alone.

—Why should the Republican mass meeting on the last day of the Fair not receive a premium? Because it is not on the programme.

—We have found all Gift Enterprises to be humbugs. We have been cheated by every one we have ever had anything to do with.

—Ladies' and Childrens' Fancy Furs at John Fareira's, 718 Arch St., Philadelphia. Stock large. Read his adv. Give him a call.

—A few anxious men want us to inform all voters that next Tuesday is election day. It appears that a great many don't care whether it is or not.

—The *Campaigner*, a new paper just started in Bellefonte, Centre county, flies the names of Grant and Curtin as candidates for President and Vice President in 1868. A good ticket.

—A large stock of Wall Paper for sitting rooms, kitchens, etc., etc., selling off very cheap at Lewis' Book Store. Some handsome styles for parlors, halls, dining-rooms, etc., also for sale cheap, to make room for next spring styles.

—A boy named Fouse was caught between two trains in the Altoona yard on Saturday last, and had his head cut off together with both arms. He was carrying his father's dinner, who was working in the blacksmith shop.

—Many of our citizens visited the Agricultural Fair at Pittsburg last week. They will no doubt see the same sights over, on a smaller scale, at the lower end of town this week.—There were, it is thought, forty thousand people present. We will be satisfied if we have eighty thousand.

—The Tournament of the Knights of the Ring will take place on Thursday afternoon, the second day of the Fair. We have not learned when the Base Ball Tournament will take place; but from the number of clubs that desire to compete for the prize, we judge there will be match games each day.

—Our merchantsbave received their Fall and Winter supply of Goods.—They are just in time for the Fair and our country friends who attend the Fair will be just in time for them.—We warrant they can purchase at competition prices. Read our columns and see the names of those who advertise, and are therefore deserving of patronage.

☞ Fisher & Sons invite all, especially the ladies to inspect their new purchases, now opening. They have the largest as well as the most beautiful stock of goods ever displayed in this place. 2t.

Here and There.

Messrs. March & Bro have just received from the east an immense stock of Fall and Winter goods, to which they respectfully invite the attention of the public, especially of the ladies. They keep up to the times in everything in regard to style and quality, and are as cheap as the cheapest in the price of all their articles. Just go and see if they ain't; either here or at Coffee Run. †

☞ Fisher & Sons take pleasure in saying that notwithstanding the great decline in values their merchandise sales promise this year to exceed by 30 per cent. the best year they ever had, and are happy to announce that their efforts to shorten profits have been appreciated by the community. 2t.

A Grand Week.

Everybody expects to have a grand time this week, and we hope they may have. But it would be well enough for those of our country friends who attend the Fair to look to their interests as well as their pleasure, and go to Henry & Co's wholesale and retail store and see their large assortment of New Goods just received, and make their purchases. Retail merchants, it will be to your interest to buy from them enough goods to last throughout the season. †

☞ Empress Cloths, Poplins, Alpacca Poplins, Crown goods, (Claflin's importation,) and all fine styles of dress goods kept in first class city retail stores, are now to be found at the fine rooms of Fisher & Sons. 2t.

Just Think Of It.

Mr. Jacob Kensinger, of Stonerstown, Bedford county, took out of a bee hive *forty five pounds* of honey in *fifteen days;* and he has another box *two thirds* filled. It is hardly necessary to add that he uses the Langstroth Patent Bee-Hive, which every body should purchase in order to make money. You will see one at the Fair.

☞ Gros Grain Silks at three dollars have been selling at four dollars per yard. Call at Fisher & Sons'. 2t.

☞ The place to get the worth of your money at Johnston & Wattson's.

The Republican Mass Meeting.

A call has been issued by the Chairman of the Republican County Committee, for a Mass Meeting at this place on Friday next, the third day of the Fair. Last year, contrary to the desire of either party, both political parties held meetings during the Fair, and so far disturbed the arrangements for the Fair that the Society lost instead of adding to its funds. At the meeting of the Society this year ordering a Fair to be held, it was understood by the gentlemen of both parties present, that if a Fair was ordered for this fall, no political meetings should be held during its continuance. If such had not been the understanding we are safe in saying no Fair would have been held this fall. We do not feel disposed to hold the Republican party responsible for the calling of the meeting on Friday next,—the call was not advised by any of the best Republicans in the town—it was forced upon the party by three or four young men, who we suppose have somebody's money to spend and who expect to make a few votes for their favorites by getting together a crowd from the county to listen to the usual "noise and confusion." We are gratified that the Democrats still remain firm to their pledge, and will not hold any political meetings during the Fair. If the success of the Fair should be interfered with by the action of the responsible parties having in charge the Republican organization, the farmers and people generally will know who to blame should there be no more Fairs held in this county. We hope to see all the people of the county who feel an interest in the success of the Fair to give it their support, and not wait to come to town on the last day to attend a political gathering. We have had politics, and little else, for three years past, and in what condition do we find our country?

☞ Woolen goods of every description have been reduced *one-half* in price by Fisher & Sons. 2t.

Important to Hunters.

By a special Act for the county of Huntingdon, passed by the Legislature last winter, it is provided that any person shooting any wild turkey between the 18th day of February, and the 15th day of October, or any person who shall trap, pen, or snare any wild turkey or molest the nest thereof, or build any pen or set any trap or snare with intention of catching any wild turkey, at any season of the year, or any person who shall construct any blind, or take advantage of one already constructed, or shall entice by repeated feeding to a particular place for the purpose of killing any wild turkey shall be subject to a penalty of $10, and costs And any person who shall kill any gray or black squirrel between the 18th day of February and the 4th day of July is subject to a penalty of $2.50. One half the penalties go to the use of the county, and the other half to the use of the informer. Constables, where they know the act to have been violated, are required to make information under penalty of $10.

The act also increases the premium on wild cats and foxes, and gives a premium on hawks, owls and polecats. The act in full is found on page 920 pamphlet laws.—*Monitor.*

☞ You can buy Coffee, Sugars, Muslins, Calicoes, and all staple goods at first cost at Fisher & Sons. 2t.

Important Letter.

The following letter has come into our hands, and we publish it for the information of those who doubt the purity of Speer's Wine.

This is to certify that Mr. Alfred Speer is a resident of this village, and, to my personal knowledge, has devoted a number of years to the manufacture of pure and valuable wines. He has a large vineyard in view of my residence, and has been for some time engaged in cultivating the Port Grape. The Port Grape Wine cannot be excelled by any American wine. It is bottled by Mr. Speer every season in large quantities, but not disposed of until it attains the age of four years.

Passaic, Oct. 20th, 1865.

D. B. SICKLES,
Central National Bank, New York.

Some of our druggists have this wine direct from the vineyard.

☞ 20 new patterns of Carpets just opened at Fisher & Sons in their carpet rooms. 2t.

☞ The October Phrenological Journal contains Portraits and Characters of Mary Queen of Scots; Charlotte Bronte; Thomas Nast, the Artist; Ira Aldridge, Tragedian; Alfred Sewell, and others. Well-written articles on Anthropology; Married or Single? Boots and Beauty; Sick Headache, its Cause and Cure; The Fashions, Illustrated; Man's Spiritual Nature; Forming Character; The American Physiognomy; "Expression;" Whining Women; Grapes and Blackberries, Illustrated. $3 a year, or 30 cents a number. Address S. R. Wells, Editor, 389 Broadway, New York.

☞ Oil Cloths, Velvet Rugs, Matts, &c., freshly imported. Call at Fisher & Sons. 2t.

☞ Johnston & Wattson are receiving goods daily from the Eastern cities and have the latest styles. They are determined that all goods they sell shall be what they are represented and at the lowest cash prices. Persons visiting the fair are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. You will find them one door west of the Washington Hotel on Hill street. They keep everything except Oysters and Ice Cream, and are even requested by some of their friends to start in that line. †

The Tournament.

It is generally said by all persons that have been in to see A. L. Lewis' new Fall and Winter Goods, that he has the largest, prettiest and cheapest assortment of Goods that has ever been opened in Huntingdon. Persons visiting the Fair, and witnessing the Tournament this week, should bear in mind and call at A. L. Lewis new store in Leister's Building, and the fact will be proven to them. †

Boots and Shoes.

Geo. Shaffer, Wm. Africa, and John H. Westbrook have each received a new stock of Boots and Shoes. Give them a call.

☞ $1500 worth of furs made to order for Fisher & Sons, 2t.

COUNTY VOTE IN 1866.

The following is the vote of Huntingdon county for Governor and Assembly in 1867:

Townships.	Geary.	Clymer.	Wharton.	Miller.
Barree,	...	35	...	41
Brady,	...	4	...	5
Birmingham,	22	...	24	...
Cass,	71	...	65	...
Cromwell,	61	...	42	...
Carbon,	...	102	...	108
Clay,	66	...	64	...
Coalmont,	6	...	...	4
Dublin,	46	...	24	...
Franklin,	58	...	59	...
Henderson,	...	5	...	6
Huntingdon,	87	...	61	...
Hopewell,	...	11	...	15
Jackson,	36	...	30	...
Juniata,	20	...	21	...
Lincoln,	61	...	39	...
Mapleton,	9	...	3	...
Morris,	43	...	29	...
Mount Union,	1	...	...	26
Oneida,	54	...	50	...
Penn,	34	...	23	...
Porter,	125	...	175	...
Petersburg,	23	...	23	...
Springfield,	63	...	33	...
Shirley,	31	...	24	...
Tell,	...	90	...	94
Tod,	21	...	46	...
Union,	46	...	36	...
Walker,	2	...	1	...
Warriorsmark,	91	...	91	...
West,	...	20	...	21
Total majorities,	1186	267	936	320

Match Game.

A match game of Base Ball was played between the Alert of McConnellstown, and Eagle club of Dudley, on the grounds of the Alert, Saturday Sept. 21st. Score, Alert 69; Eagle 40; another victory for the Alert. I would say to the Eagle club, that the Alert consider them second in the county, but sorry to say they are not as pleasant to play with as some clubs we have played. The conduct of the Captain of Eagle club, in the presentation speech, was very rude and unmanly; and the credit he received from Eagle or Alert, was but little. I hope the Eagle will choose a better player for Captain, and things will move smoothly. Alert wish to return the game, but not under the superintendency of expense paying Captain. ***

The Bee Hive.

Langstroth's Patent Bee-Hive will be on exhibition at our County Fair and all persons desirous of purchasing borough or township rights will have an opportunity of doing so at that time. The Hive is certainly the best in use. From 35 to 40 pounds of honey have been taken from a single hive that swarmed in June. Don't forget to inquire for the Langstroth's Bee-Hive when you come to the Fair, and if you are wise you will secure a right to use it. 2t.

Special Notice to our Friends and Patrons.

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine the Wall Paper, at Blair's Book Store, on Railroad Street. The stock consists of new and beautiful patterns brought on especially for the fall trade. A full supply of Oil & paper Window Shades on hand.

N. B. You will find the prices of paper considerably reduced. 2t.

Speer's Wines

Are the pure juice of the grape, and are unexcelled by any native vintage. They contain valuable medicinal properties, and are of intrinsic worth to the invalid and the convalescent, strengthening the weak, and restoring the system to tone and vigor. Sickly persons and females should try them.

WANTED.

500 Agents to canvass for a work entitled "Nojoque," written by Hinton R. Helper, author of the "Impending Crisis of the South." The object of the author in this work is to show the great distinction between the white and black races. He denounces negro political and social equality, and says he can no longer act with a party that would willingly destroy the great line of distinction between the white and black races which God himself has established. Every person should secure a copy of this work.

ALSO, 500 Agents wanted to circulate the "Youth's History of the War," the only history from a Democratic standpoint. These dealing agencies should address

E. W. MILLER, Huntingdon P. O., Pa.,

Or call on Mr. Martin Flonner, at the same place.
August 7, '67-tf.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of London, Holland,) No. 805 ARCH street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. aug8-1y0m

MARRIED,

On September 2d, 1867, by Rev. G. W. Zahnizer, Mr. WM. F. BATHURST to Miss KATE WHITE, both of Huntingdon, Pa.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $7,50@8,25 extra at $8@9,50, fancy extra family $10@11,75, and Pennsylvania family $11@12,50, and fancy brands $13,00@14,00 according to quality. Rye flour $8,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice now at $2,25@2,40 white $2,27@3,00. Rye at $1,40@1,50. Corn 1,35 to 1,40 Oats at 72c. Barley malt at $1,50.

Cloverseed $8,50@9,25 according to quality; Timothy at $2,75@3,00; Flaxseed $2,75@2,80 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28.—Flour.—There is a fair demand. We quote sales of spring wheat flour at $10,25@10,50, winter Flour at $11,25@11,75 fancy at $13,00@14.

Wheat, winter,$2,20@2,25 and No. 1 spring $2,25@2,30. Corn from first hands at $1,25. Rye $1,25 per bushel. Oats 58@60c Barley 1,10@1,20. Shoulders 15½c sides 17½c hams 23@24c, Lard 14½c.

CHICAGO Sept. 28.—Flour firm; spring extra $8,50@10,25. Winter, $12,50@14,00. Spring Wheat is at $1,36@1,38. Corn 1,04. Oats, 54cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Gold closed at $1,43½.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$9,50	Eggs	18
Extra Flour, old.	10,50	Feathers ₰ lb	90
Family Flour	11,00	Flaxseed	$2,2
Red Wheat, old	2,00	Hops ₰ lb	40 @ 50
White Wheat, old	2,20	Ham, smoked	25
Apple Butter ₰ gallon	1,25	Hay ₰ ton	10,00
Bark per cord	5,50	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₰ bus	75
Butter	25	Mixed Chop	2,00
Buckwheat	80	Oats	50
Buckwheat Meal ₰ cwt.	3,50	Potatoes ₰ bus	75
Bran ₰ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₰ doz	3,00@4,00	Rags ₰ lb	5
Beeswax ₰ lb	30	Rye	1,00
Beans ₰ bus	2,00	Rye Chop ₰ cwt.	2,00
Cloverseed ₰ 64 lbs.	7,00	Rye Straw ₰ bundle	15
Chickens	25	Shorts ₰ cwt	1,50
Country Soap	10	Shoulder	18
Corn	1,10	Sides	20
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	2,2	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Apples ₰ bu	1,50	Timothy	3,00
Dried Cherries ₰ quart	12	Turkeys	75 @ 1.50
Dried Peaches ₰ lb.	15 to 20	Wool ₰ lb	40
Dried Beef	28		

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

GOLD PENS

FOR EVERYBODY,

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER KINDS. Call at Lewis' Book Store and SEE ASSORTMENT.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

STOVES, GRATES, RANGES, &C.

ANY of the above articles can be had by addressing the subscriber. Stoves of all kinds and sizes to suit the wants of all.

We call the attention of the public to the

AUTOCRAT COOKING STOVE,

a stove beyond competition. It is a pretty pattern, good baker, with large oven, and suitable for either coal or wood. Stoves furnished at foundry prices. Any person wishing to purchase a stove without cooking utensils can do so, and the prices of all the articles will be deducted. All stoves warranted. Samples can be seen at Mr. Hughe's store, Mill Creek, or at the residence of the subscriber.

All parlor stoves furnished at low prices. Stoves delivered at any railroad station.

D. WALKER,
se18-tf Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa.

LANGSTROTH'S

Patent BEE-HIVE.

THE undersigned having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell

L. L. LANGSTROTH'S

PATENT

MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE,

and to sell individual and township rights in Huntingdon county, all persons wishing to purchase Hives or individual or township rights, can do so by making application to them or either of them. The Rights to sell Langstroth's *Original* Patent expired on the fifth day of October, 1866; at which time it was extended for seven years, and all persons having purchased rights under the original patent are hereby notified that they cannot lawfully make or sell hives since the extension.

This Hive has been in use for some time in several parts of the county and has given general satisfaction.—The undersigned would respectfully refer all persons wishing to examine the hives, to the following persons who have them in use, viz: Thomas Fisher, John Read, H W. Miller, Daniel Womelsdorf.

Applications for individual or township rights should be made personally or by letter to the undersigned at Cove Station P. O., Huntingdon county, Pa.

JOHN E. SHIRLEY,
JAMES C. SHIRLEY,
sept11-1m JACKSON ENYEART.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, ap. 16, '67.

RUDOLPH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

FANCY GOODS, Wholesale & Retail.

THE undersigned takes the liberty of calling the attention of the public in general to his new and splendid variety of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, CAPS,

UMBRELLAS and SUN-SHADES.

Making weekly purchases from the New York and Philadelphia markets, I am prepared to offer to my lady friends of Huntingdon and vicinity, one of the nicest lines of Dress and Sacque

BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS,

of the very latest novelties out that is possible to bring together, and at prices to meet the views of all classes.

Ladies' and Gents' (Jouvin's) Kid Gloves, black and medium shades, and any particular shade and size furnished at the shortest notice; also, a very pretty assortment of white and colored Bertin and Lisle thread Gloves, plain and fancy tops; black and colored Velvet Ribbon. first quality and common, all widths.

White Dress Goods, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Ladies, Hats, Sundowns, Knitting Cotton, (all colors,) Germantown Wool, Zephyrs, Canes, Silk for lining bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs, Collars and Shirt Fronts, as also special selection of black and fancy Neck Ties, Broadway, Chantilly Bows, and Napoleon Stocks for the aged and a fine assortment of Bugle Trimming.

Hosiery with me will claim special attention to select and offer the very best English and German Regular Made Goods and the Domestic and Lower Grades, Child's fancy one half Hose, &c., with that endless variety of Small Wares to be found in a well stocked Notion Store, of quality superior as a line, and at prices to meet all competition

A large stock of Boys' and Gents' Hats and Caps of the latest styles and all qualities at prices ranging from 25 cts. to $8.00.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1867. W. P. RUDOLPH.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (these last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county. All letters address to

WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
ja16'67 McConnellstown, Pa.

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, ap. 16, 1867.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS Family Grocery.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand

Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Grain and country produce generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.,
aug28-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale a Valuable Farm situate in WEST township, near Shaver's Creek. The Farm contains

231 ACRES

of good Limestone Land, 150 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance being timber land.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

consist of a large two-story STONE HOUSE, two Bank Barns, Spring House, Carriage House, and other outbuildings. There are two good ORCHARDS on the premises, one old and the other young, just beginning to bear. A number of never-failing streams of water run through the land, and pass by the house.

This is a desirable property, with good surroundings, and convenient to churches, schools and market. It will be sold at a reasonable figure.

aug21-6t* GEORGE WILSON.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED

TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED

BIBLE DICTIONARY.

(Complete in One Volume.)

This Dictionary embodies the results of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all the denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this Work, Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.

But, on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address

FARMELEE BROTHERS,
aug21-6t. 722 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car bunkers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof) floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $5 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a triangle mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
se4 6m 254 Pearl street, New York.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish.

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

"OWN MAKE."

After more than *five years* experience and experimenting in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay.

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILADA," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hands full line of good New York and Eastern made Skirts at very low prices. Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

aug28-3m

NEW

LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perfumed Paper,
Bristol Board,
Ist Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at *LEWIS* Family Grocery.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.
Aug. 14, '67-6m. PROPRIETORS.

By Canal & Railroad.

We are now receiving by Canal and Railroad from the eastern and western cities,

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES

Of every description,

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,

FLOUR, FEED,

AND

Provision,

Of all kinds.

COAL.

Anthracite, Pittsburgh, and Broad Top Coal for sale by the Cart or Boat load.

LUMBER.

Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering Lath, in large or small quantities.

Nails and Bar iron, at manufacturers' prices.

HENRY & CO.,
je26 Huntingdon, Pa.

GREAT OPENING

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

AT THE

NEW STORE

OF

JOSEPH MARCH & BRO.,

COFFEE RUN, PENN'A.

The subscribers have received a new and complete assorted stock of

DRY GOODS,

Including a large and varied assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, of the latest styles and fashions. Also

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
FISH, SALT, BACON,

and all other articles usually kept in a well conducted store, all of which are offered as cheap as at any other establishment in this section of country.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods

Thankful for former patronage, we hereby extend an invitation to our Trough Creek friends and the public generally for a renewal of the same, promising by a close attention to business and the wants of customers, to fully merit it.

je19 JOS. MARCH & BRO.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

HAVE

CARPETINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

For Sale at Wholesale Prices,

SUCH AS, ALL WOOL

INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.

Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

Can't Be Beaten!

Good Stock & Low Prices!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFETIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

REMOVAL.

ROBLEY & MARSH,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they have removed to the room adjoining the Post Office on Hill street, where they have received a new stock of the most fashionable and serviceable

DRESS GOODS,

Which they are prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable and substantial order.

Call and examine their assortment of goods for

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS,

Before purchasing elsewhere. They are determined to please everybody.

H. ROBLEY,
ap10,1867 GEO. F. MARSH.

Something New "?"

GLAZIER & BRO.

HAVE just opened up on the corner of WASHINGTON and SMITH streets, a new and

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HATS,
SHOES,
ETC., ETC.

The citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity are hereby tendered a standing invitation to call and examine our stock. Our aim will ever be, that complete satisfaction; both as regards goods and prices, be given to every purchaser. GLAZIER & BRO.

Huntingdon, March 27, 1867.

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,
may29,1867 HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

THE LAMB IMPROVED

FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE.

Please call and see this valuable Machine, and the work which it produces. Machines with all the appurtenances, for sale at the low price of $65, and warranted as represented. CALL AND SEE IT.

—Room, on WASHINGTON Street, (opposite the "GLOBE" Printing office,) HUNTINGDON, Pa.

An assortment of Knit Goods on hand, for sale, and made to order on short notice, Such as Ladies,' Misses', and Children's Stockings, Gents' Woolen and Cotton Socks also, Scarfs, Afghans, Pulse Warmers, Caps, Tidys, &c.

☞ The LAMB KNITTING Machine is very simple, and finishes its work; capable of producing more than a dozen different stitches; it is unlike any other Machine of the kind in the market; it will do the work of twenty women and *is suitable for institutes as well as families.*

It is complete in every particular, and without a wheel

FARMERS

And their LADIES should see this Machine in operation, so REMEMBER the place and do not fail to see it.

WASHINGTON STREET,
(Opposite the "GLOBE" Office.)

HUNTINGDON, Penn'a.

jly31-67-tf S. M. LONGWELL, Agt.

A. L. LEWIS,

LEISTER'S NEW BUILD

LIST OF PREMIUMS & AWARDING COMMITTEES

for the Ninth Annual Exhibition of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society to be held at Huntingdon, on October 2d, 3d and 4th, 1867.

CLASS 1—HORSES—BRED STOCK.

Best stallion,	$15 00	Best brood mare,	$10 00
second best,	10	second best,	7
third best,	5	third best,	5
best 3 year old,	10	best 3 year old,	8
second best,	6	second best,	6
third best,	4	third best,	4
best 2 year old	6	best 2 year old,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	3
best yearling,	5	best colt 6 months old	
second best,	4	or under,	6
third best,	3	second best,	4
best gelding,	10	third best,	3
second best,	7		
third best,	4		

CLASS 2—COMMON STOCK.

Best draught stallion	$10 00.	best draught horse or	
second best,	7	mare,	$6 00
third best,	5	second best,	4
best 3 year old,	7	third best,	3
second best,	6	best rid'g horse or mare	6
third best,	5	second best,	4
best 2 year old.	6	third best,	3
second best,	4	best family horse or	
third best,	3	mare,	8
best yearling,	4	second best,	6
second best,	3	third best,	4
third best,	2	best pair matches,	10
best brood mare,	8	second best,	8
second best	6	third best,	6
third best,	5	best pair mules,	8
best 3 year old do.,	6	second best,	6
second best,	4	third best,	4
third best,	3	best trot'g horse or mare	8
best 2 year old do.,	5	second best,	6
second best,	4	third best,	4
third best,	3	best rocking horse or	
best yearling do.,	4	mare,	5
second best,	3	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	2
best colt 6 months old		best walking horse or	
or under,	4	mare,	6
second best,	3	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	2

The Committee respectfully recommend that no person be allowed to enter any horse or mare for more than one premium or be allowed to change from one to another class, and that all stock of class No. 1 be charged an entrance fee of One Dollar on each head, excepting two year old and under. And all stock of the above classes must be entered on or before 12o'clock of the second day.

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—A. P. Wilson, Robert Wilson, Charles C. Ash, David McGarvey, Medical Henry, John Q. Adams, B. X. Blair.

CLASS 3—NEAT STOCK.

SHORT HORN.		DEVON.	
Best bull,	$10 00	Best bull,	$10 00
second best,	6	second best,	8
third best,	4	third best,	6
best cow,	8	best cow,	8
second best,	6	second best,	6
third best,	4	third best,	4
best heifer,	5	best heifer,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	3	third best,	3
best calf,	3	best calf,	3
second best,	2	second best,	2
third best,	1	third best,	1
ALDERNEY.		COMMON.	
Best bull,	8 00	Best work oxen,	6 00
second best,	6	second best,	4
third best,	4	third best,	4
best cow,	4	best bull,	4
second best,	3	second best,	3
third best,	2	third best,	2
best heifer,	4	best cow,	4
second best,	3	second best,	3
third best,	2	third best,	2
best calf,	3	best heifer	3
second best,	2	second best,	2
third best,	1	third best,	1
		best calf	2
		second best	2
		third best	1

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Samuel Hatfield, Richard G. Morrison, David Rupert, David Stewart, [Colerain] Alexander M. Oaks, Michael Stair, Isaac M. Neff.

CLASS 3—HOGS.

Best boar,	$5 00	best chester white,	$2 00
second best,	3	second best,	2
third best,	2	best berkshire,	3
best sow,	4	second best,	2
second best,	3		
best litter of pigs,	3		
second best,	2		

AWARDING COMMITTEE—John S. Isett, Samuel Myton, Samuel Eby, John Zentmyer, John Nightwine, Thos. E. Orbison, Benjamin Isenberger.

CLASS 4—SHEEP.

Best long wool buck,	$2 00	best long wool ewe	$3 00
second best,	3	second best,	3
best southdown,	5	best southdown,	5
second best,	4	second best,	4
best merino,	5	best merino,	5
second best,	3	second best,	3
		best lot common sheep,	5

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Huyett, Lewis Stever, David Hare, George Swine, William Wray, Jacob F. Hoover, Samuel Neff.

CLASS 5—PLOWING.

For the best plowing,	$3 00
second best,	2 00
third best,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Misrly, Gilbert Horning, Elliott Robley, Thomas Hetskill, Hugh Cunningham, Daniel Kyper, Elisha Shoemaker.

CLASS 6—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best plow,	$5 00	best straw and fodder	
second best,	3	cutter,	$1 00
third best,	2	second best,	50
best subsoil plow,	2	best hand corn sheller,	4
second best,	1	second best,	2
best double mould plow,	2	best dowker huller,	3
second best,	1	second best,	1
best corn cultivator,	2	best hay & grain rake,	5
second best,	1	second best,	3
best hill plow,	5	best cider mill,	4
second best,	2	best sorghum mill and	
best wind-mill,	8	evaporator,	8
second best,	3	best 4 horse threshing	
best grain drill,	6	machine,	10
second best,	3	best 2 horse do.,	5
best cornplanter,	3	best harrow,	2
second best,	2	second best,	1
best mower and reaper,	10	best wagon lifter,	1
second best,	5	second best,	50
		third best,	

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Livingston Robb, David Hamilton, Job Slack, Job Plympton, Mr. Amos, Henry Hoskeon, Isaac C. Gorsuch.

CLASS 7—GRAIN, SEEDS, FLOUR AND MEAL.

Best bus. white wheat,	$2 00	best buckwheat,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
third best,	50	best cloverseed,	1 00
best bus. red wheat,	2 00	second best,	50
second best,	1 00	best timothy seed.	1 00
third best,	50	second best,	50
best bushel of rye,	1 00	best barrel white wheat	
second best.	50	flour,	2 00
best bus. yellow corn,	1 00	second best	1 00
second best,	50	best barrel red wheat	
best white corn,	1 00	flour,	2 00
second best,	50	second best,	1 00
best sweet corn,	1 00	best barrel rye flour,	1 00
second best,	50	best 50 lbs. corn meal,	
best pop corn,	50	yellow,	1 00
second best,	25	best 50 lbs. corn meal,	
best oats,	1 00	white,	1 00
second best,	50	best 50 lbs. buckwheat	
best barley,	1 00	meal,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—George McLaughlin, Edward Isett, Robert McBurney, Samuel P. Foster, Newton Madden, Wm. B. Lose, Richard Ashman.

CLASS 8—MECHANICAL IMPLEMENTS AND UTENSILS.

Best 2 horse carriage,	$2 00	best and greatest variety	
best buggy,	1 00	stone ware and earth-	
best set single harness,	2 00	en ware,	1 00
best set farm harness,	2 00	best washing machine,	50
best saddle and bridle,	1 00	best churn,	1 00
best pair of boots,	1 00	best meat vessel,	1,00
best pair of shoes,	50	best specimen of marble	
best side sole leather,	1 00	work,	2 00
best kip and calf skin,	1 00	best cook stove,	1 00
best side harness and		best pair horse shoes	50
upper leather,	1 00	best corn broom,	50
best lot cabinet ware,	2 00	best rake,	50
best and greatest varie-		best shaking fork,	50
ty of tin-ware,	1 00	second best,	25

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—William Dorris, John Laporte, Wm. Chess, Anthony Beaver, Samuel McVitty, James Wilson, George W. Cornelius.

CLASS 9, NO. 1—FRUITS.

Best and largest variety		best doz. winter apples	
of apples, labeled, not		labeled,	1 00
less than 3 of each,	$2 00	second best,	50
second best,	2 00	best and greatest variety	
third best.	1 00	of peaches, not less	
best ten varieties apples		than 3 each labeled,	2 00
labeled, not less than		second best,	1 00
3 of each,	3 00	best assorted basket or	
second best,	1 00	dish of peaches,	1 00
third best.	50	second best,	50
best assorted basket or		best basket or dish of	
dish of apples,	1 00	quinces.	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best dozen fall apples		third best,	25
labelled,	1 00	best collection of plums	
second best,	50	6 of each labeled,	1 00
		second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. Jno. McCulloch, Jacob Porter, Levi Pheasant, John Van Dervander, James Hoey, Jackson White, John McCombe.

CLASS 9, NO. 2—FRUITS.

Best and largest variety		second best,	$1 00
of pears, labeled, and		third best,	50
not less than 3 each	$3 00	best basket or dish of	
second best,	2 00	native grapes, labeled,	1 00
third best,	1 00	second best,	50
best basket or dish of		third best,	25
pears,	1 00	best basket or dish for-	
second best,	50	eign grapes, labeled,	
best dozen fall pears, la-		grown in open air,	1 00
beled,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best and largest variety	
best dozen winter pears		grapes grown under	
labeled,	2 00	glass, labeled,	2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best and largest collec-		best basket or dish of	
tion of grapes grown		same, &c.,	1 00
in open air, labeled,	2 00	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Hon. George Taylor, Henry Graffus, Reuben J. Massey, W. A. Fraker, Dr. G. W. Howitt, Dr. J. A. Shade, Simeon Wright.

CLASS 10, NO. 1—VEGETABLES.

Best and largest collec-		best spotted Mercers,	$1 00
tion of potatoes, ten of		second best,	50
each, labeled,	$2 00	third best,	25
second best,	1 00	best white Mercers,	1 00
third best,	50	second best	50
best peck early potatoes		third best	25
named and labeled,	1 00	best Peach Blows,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
third best,	25	third best,	25
best peck late potatoes,		best Prince Alberts,	1 00
named and labeled,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	third best,	25
third best,	25	best Mexican,	1 00
best Harrison potatoes	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	third best,	25
third best,	25	best Cusco White,	1 00
best early Goodrich,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	third best,	25
third best,	25	best Garnet Chile,	1 00
best Monitor,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	third best,	25
third best,	25	best other variety,	1 00
best pinkeyed rusticoat	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best sweet potatoes,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Andrew G. Neff, John R. Gosnell, Richard Chilcote, John Rhodes, Shedrick Chaney, Levi Wright, Steward Foster.

CLASS 10, NO. 2—VEGETABLES.

Best ruta bags,	50	third best,	25
second best,	25	best mangel wurtzel,	50
best sugar beet,	50	second best	25
second best,	25	best water melon,	50
best parsnips,	50	second best,	25
best carrots,	50	best egg plant,	50
best onions,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best turnips,	50
best celery,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best tomatoes,	1 00
best cauliflower,	50	second best,	50
second best,	25	best muskmelon,	50
best pumpkins,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best beans,	50
best pie pumpkin,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best peas,	50
best squashes,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best fall or winter let-	
best cabbage,	1 00	tuce,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—B. R. Foust, Daniel Piper, Lewis Bergans, George Hawn, (of Brady,) James Henderson, Miss Prudence Jackson, Mrs. T. P. Love, Miss Sue Neff, Mrs. Mary Shoemaker.

CLASS 11—POULTRY.

Best and largest variety		best black spanish,	$1 00
of pure bred fowls,	$2 00	second best.	50
second best,	1 00	best pair or trio of Po-	
best pair or trio Shang-		lands,	1 00
hais,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best java fowls,	1 00
best pair or trio of Co-		second best.	50
chin China,	1 00	best mixed breed,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best Bramaputras,	1 00	best cucumber,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
best Dorkings,	1 00	best pepper,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
best groups bantams,	1 00	best tomatoe,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
best apple butter,	1 00	best cantelope,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
best pear butter,	1 00	best tomato catsup,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best collection dahlias,	2 00	best cedar vinegar,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best collection verbenas,	1 00		
second best,	50		
best collection petunas,	1 00		
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—A. P. White, Miss Jane McCulloch, Mrs. Isaac Stenkirk, Mrs. Abram Graffus, Miss Annie Wilson, Miss Lizzie Huyett, Mrs. Abner Anderson.

CLASS 16—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best woolen carpet not		best table cover,	$1 00
less than ten yards		second best,	50
each,	$2 00	best piano woolen stock-	
second best,	1 00	ings,	1 00
best rag carpet not less		second best,	50
than ten yards,	1 00	best woolen socks,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best flannel not less than		best pair linen knit	
ten yards,	2 00	stockings,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best hearth rug,	1 00	best pair worsted stock-	
second best,	50	ings,	1 00
best coverlet,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best pair of cotton stock-	
best patchwork quilt,	1 00	ings,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best counterpane,	1 00	best woolen gloves,	50
second best,	50	best woolen mittens,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Robert Fleming, Mrs. James Dickey, Mrs. John Bare, Matthew Keatley, Miss Emily Chilcote, Miss Sarah A. Lee, Mrs. John K. Ramey.

CLASS 17—LINEN AND FANCY WORK MANUFACTURES.

best 6 yards homemade		best worked cushion and	
linen,	$2 00	back,	$2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best 6 yards linen dis-		best worked receptio	
pers,	2 00	chair,	2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best 6 yards tow cloth,	2 00	best ottoman cover,	2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best homemade shirt,	1 00	best lamp stand mat,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best pound of linen sew-		best flower vase mat,	1 00
ing thread,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. J. H. Wintrode, Mrs. Peter Shaver, Mrs. H. Coyle, Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Miss Eliza Cresswell, Mrs. B. L. Neff, John R. Thompson.

CLASS 18—BONNETS, EMBROIDERY, &c.

Best bonnet,	$2 00	best embroidered lady's	
second best,	1 00	skirt,	$1 00
best worked child's dress,		second best,	50
muslin,	2 00	best embroidered pocket	
second best,	1 00	handkerchief,	1 00
best worked child's dress,		second best,	50
worsted,	2 00	best embroidered slip-	
second best,	1 00	pers, silk,	1 00
best embroidery on mus-		second best,	50
lin,	1 00	best embroidered slip-	
second best,	50	pers, worsted,	50
best crotchet tidy,	1 00	best crotchet shawl,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. S. Thompson, Mrs. J. A. Hanfiger, Miss Emlice Africa, Mrs. D. B. Akers, Mrs. W. Buchanan, Mrs. Rudolph Neff, Mrs. White of West.

CLASS 19—SHELLWORK, &c.

Best ocean shell and		second best,	1 00
moss work,	$2 00	best specimen of dry	
second best,	1 00	pressed flowers,	$1 00
best bead work,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best specimen of wax	
best leather work, orna-		flowers,	2 00
mental,	1 00	second best,	1 00
second best,	50	best hair flowers,	2 00
best wax vase,	1 00	second best,	1 00
second best,	50	best crayon flowers,	2 00
best wax wax flowers,	2 00	second best,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—S. Miles Green, Miss M. Cresswell, Miss M. R. Brewster, Mrs. K. A. Lovell, Mrs. Silas A. Cresswell, Miss Jamima Greenlund, Mrs. J. G. Boyer.

CLASS 20—FLORAL DEPARTMENT.

Best floral design,	$2 00	best collection germini-	
second best,	1 00	um,	$1 00
best table vase of cut		second best,	50
flowers,	50	best collection pansies,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best vase of growing		best collection phloxes,	1 00
flowers,	50	second best,	50
second best,	25	best collection asters,	1 00
best vase of dried flow-		second best,	50
ers,	50	best collection of cryan-	
second best,	25	thens,	1 00
best round basket bouquet,	50	second best,	50
second best,	25	best collection of roses,	1 00
best flat bouquet,	50	second best,	50
second best,	25	best hanging basket	
best collection dahlias,	2 00	growing plants,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best collection verbenas,	1 00	best hanging basket of	
second best,	50	cut flowers,	1 00
best collection petunas,	1 00	second best.	50
second best,	50	best collection of pot	
		plants,	2 00
		second best,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Scott, Mrs. Jas. Bricker Mrs. James Shively, Mrs. James Oaks, Mrs. E. A. Green, Miss Mary Owin, Miss Kate Stewart.

CLASS 21—PAINTING.

Best oil painting fruit		best colored crayon	
or portrait,	$1 00	drawing,	$1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best oil painting on		best India ink draw-	
glass,	1 00	ing,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best landscape, oil	1 00	best painting in water	
second best,	50	colors,	1 00
best landscape from na-		second best,	50
ture,	1 00	best specimen of marine	
second best,	50	drawing,	1 00
best lithograph, oil	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best oriental painting	
best pen or pencil draw-		grecian or italian,	1 00
ings,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Prof. L. G. Grier, Mrs. W. H. Woods, Mrs. Samuel Neal, Mrs. Doctor Brown, Mrs. R. E. Wilson, Mrs. R. K. Neff, Mrs. Hugh Jackson.

A premium of $8 will be awarded for the best horsemanship; second best, $5; third best, $3.

A premium of a riding whip will be awarded for the best horsemanship performed by a gentleman.

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John S. Miller, Chairman; Dr. R. A. Miller, Asberry Stewart, Asberry Oaks, Dr. W. P. McNitt.

AWARDING COMMITTEE ON DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS.—Lewis Knode, John R. Metz, Daniel Womelsdorf, Richard Silverthorn, Robert Goodhart, James Entrikin, Samuel Wigton, James Clayton, Levi Evans.

To the best Base Ball Club, a set of Balls and Bats of best quality. Clubs from other counties entried to compete. Competing clubs to adopt their own Rules and appoint their awarding committee.

THOMAS BELL, *Chief Marshall.*
W. F. CUNNINGHAM,
E. L. HUYETT. } *Assistants.*

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of
MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,
and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of
Fine Cutlery,
Comprising
KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.
BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of
Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with
ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,
SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of
PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties
BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,
COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of
BUILDING HARDWARE,
and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell
Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,
Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,
Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including
Tea and Counter Scales,
Platform Scales,
Grocers' and Druggists' Scales,
Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,
FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of
GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,
Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF
COOK & PARLOR STOVES.
ALL SIZES OF
NAILS AND BRADS,
By the keg. Very low!
Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.
STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.
WAGON-BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please.☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR - WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTERS, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

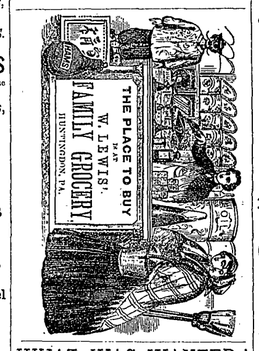
We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATSON.

Huntingdon, April 3, 1867



WHAT WAS WANTED!

OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Saul's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
PIECE GOODS,

Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,

Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.

His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establishment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.

H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866. Merchant Tailor.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABLER'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NERDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Flutes, Flutinos, Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
may5,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

HEADSTONES, ETC.

MONUMENTS

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin s's., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

1867. 1867.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—OF—

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Now located in the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Offers at WHOLESALE and RETAIL an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

ELEVEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Buying for cash direct from the manufacturers, and being in almost daily receipt of goods, bought since the decline in prices, I can offer rare advantages to buyers.

My stock embraces a general assortment of

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR
Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Gunsmiths, Shoemakers, Saddlers, Painters, Coachmakers, Cabinet Makers, Machinists, Foundrymen, And all other kinds of Mechanics.

BUILDERS

Will find here a superior stock of

Nails and Spikes,
LOCKS, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES, FINISHING NAILS,
Glass and Putty, Oil and Paints.

Colors of all kinds, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
Glass cut to any size.

CARPENTERS

Will find a well selected stock of

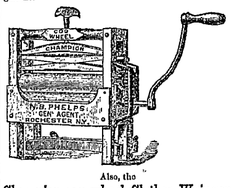
Disston's and Spear & Jackson's Saws,
Chisels and Planes, Steel squares,
Augers, Auger Bits, Gluges, Saw sets,
Braces, Hatchets, Oil stones, Files.

BORING MACHINES, with two cranks and three augers to each.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

I have a fine variety of enameled, Tinned and Plain HOLLOW-WARE,
Pans, Skillets, Dust Pans, Scrub Brushes,
Waffle Irons, Brass Kettles, Bath Bricks,
Iron Tea Kettles, Knives and Forks,
Coal Buckets and shovels, Tea and Table Spoons.

Britannia and SILVER-PLATED WARE, Table Castors
Brass Stair Rods, and a splendid stock of Harrisburg STONEWARE, including crocks with lids as large as six gallons.



Also, the

Champion cog wheel Clothes Wringer,

With a late improvement. This is now the very best and most desirable Wringer in the market. Having the agency for this place I can sell them strictly at the manufacturer's prices. All warranted.

BLACKSMITHS

Will be supplied with

Horse shoes, Horse nails,	Stocks and Dies,
Norway Nail Rods,	Rasps, Files,
Iron and Steel Anvils,	Buttresses,
Vices, Bellows,	and other tools in their line.

CARRIAGE & WAGON-MAKERS

Will find a supply of

Carriage Oil Cloth,	Carriage and Fire Bolts,
Trimmings, Seat sticks,	Drop black coach Varnish,
Felloes, Spokes and Hubs,	Dash and enameled Leather,
Shafts, Tongues,	Spoke Augers,
Sleigh Runners, Fenders,	and other materials.

FINE CUTLERY,

Comprising Table Knives and Forks of best American and English styles and qualities, Carvers' Butcher knives, Razors, Shears Scissors, Pruning Knives, and Pruning Shears, and the largest and finest assortment of

POCKET KNIVES

To be found in central Pennsylvania, including Westenhuim's famous IXL cutlery.

SHOEMAKERS

As heretofore will find here the best assortment of Tools and Findings in their line of trade, consisting of

Hammers, Pincers,	Lasts, Pegs, Awls,
Measuring Sticks and straps	Eyelets, Shoe Thread,
Forepart and Shank Irons,	Wax, Bristles,
Burnishers, Welt Knives,	Steel and iron Shoe Nails,
Stitching G